# LARGE CAP GROWTH



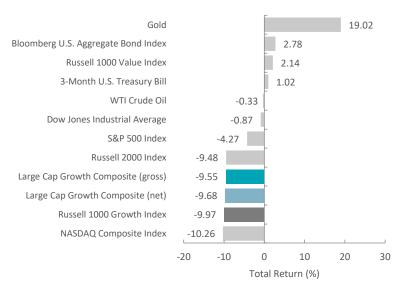


1Q 2025 Commentary

# **Markets Review**

The U.S. equity market began 2025 with a modest decline, with the S&P 500 Index falling 4.27% during the first quarter. In contrast, bonds provided a measure of stability, as the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index rose 2.78%.

## **Year-to-Date Returns**



Sources: CAPS CompositeHub $^{TM}$ , Bloomberg Past performance is not indicative of future results. Aristotle Atlantic Large Cap Growth Composite returns are presented gross and net of investment advisory fees and include the reinvestment of all income. Gross returns will be reduced by fees and other expenses that may be incurred in the management of the account. Net returns are presented net of actual investment advisory fees and after the deduction of all trading expenses. Aristotle Atlantic Composite returns are preliminary pending final account reconciliation. Please see important disclosures at the end of this document.

On a sector basis, negative performance was led by four of the eleven sectors within the Russell 1000 Growth Index in the first quarter of 2025. The weakest sectors were Consumer Discretionary and Information Technology. The best-performing sectors were Energy and Real Estate.

U.S. economic data reported during the quarter presented a mixed picture. Real GDP growth slowed to an annualized rate of 2.4%, while inflation remained stable. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 2.8% year-over-year in February, reflecting moderate inflationary pressures. Meanwhile, the labor market remained resilient, with the unemployment rate hovering around 4%. However, consumer strength showed signs of strain, as retail sales slowed from levels seen late last year, potentially impacted by adverse weather and broader macroeconomic uncertainty.

Trade policy was a major source of uncertainty during the quarter. President Trump announced a series of new tariffs on imports from Canada, Mexico and China, citing concerns over illegal immigration, drug trafficking and intellectual property theft. Targeted industries included

autos, steel, aluminum and energy, particularly Venezuelan oil. While tariffs initially raised concerns, the administration's selective enforcement and flexible implementation approach helped ease market anxiety. In response to the evolving economic landscape, the Federal Reserve (Fed) maintained its target range for the federal funds rate at 4.25% to 4.50%. The central bank acknowledged potential inflationary pressures from tariffs and moderated expectations for economic growth in 2025.

Despite broader economic headwinds, corporate earnings remained strong. S&P 500 companies reported impressive 17.8% year-over-year earnings growth, the highest rate since 2021. However, tariff-related uncertainties loomed large, with more than 220 companies referencing tariffs in their earnings calls and nearly 15% issuing negative earnings guidance.

On the domestic front, a government shutdown was averted, as President Trump signed a six-month funding bill. Senate Democratic Leader Chuck Schumer supported the measure, believing that a shutdown would have allowed the Department of Government Efficiency (DOGE) to terminate government services at a faster rate.



Geopolitically, the U.S. continued its mediation efforts in the Middle East and Ukraine. While a temporary ceasefire agreement was reached between Israel and Hamas in January, tensions flared again in March over disputes regarding hostage releases in Gaza. In Ukraine, U.S. aid was briefly paused following a contentious White House meeting between presidents Trump and Zelensky. Financial and intelligence support resumed after Ukraine signaled it was open to a ceasefire and agreed to revisit terms of a potential mineral deal, aiming to offset the costs of U.S. assistance.

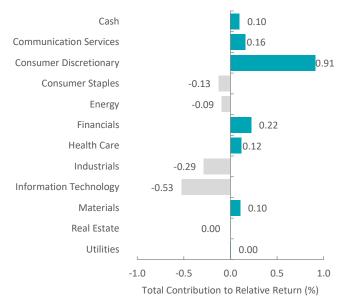
# **Performance and Attribution Summary**

For the first quarter of 2025, Aristotle Atlantic's Large Cap Growth Composite posted a total return of -9.55% gross of fees (-9.68% net of fees), outperforming the -9.97% return of the Russell 1000 Growth Index.

Performance (%)	1Q25	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Inception*
Large Cap Growth Composite (gross)	-9.55	5.89	6.48	16.82	15.95
Large Cap Growth Composite (net)	-9.68	5.39	6.01	16.32	15.47
Russell 1000 Growth Index	-9.97	7.76	10.10	20.09	17.48

<sup>\*</sup>The Large Cap Growth Composite has an inception date of November 1, 2016. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Aristotle Atlantic Large Cap Growth Equity Composite returns are presented gross and net of investment advisory fees and include the reinvestment of all income. Gross returns will be reduced by fees and other expenses that may be incurred in the management of the account. Net returns are presented net of actual investment advisory fees and after the deduction of all trading expenses. Aristotle Atlantic Composite returns are preliminary pending final account reconciliation. Please see important disclosures at the end of this document.

# Total Contribution to Relative Return by Sector Versus Russell 1000 Growth Index First Quarter 2025



Source: FactSet

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Sector attribution shows how much of a portfolio's overall return is directly attributable to stock selection and asset allocation decisions within the portfolio, highlighting which sectors contributed or detracted to the total return. Attribution includes the reinvestment of income. Please see important disclosures at the end of this document.

During the first quarter, the portfolio's outperformance relative to the Russell 1000 Growth Index was led by security selection. Security selection in Consumer Discretionary and Financials contributed the most to relative performance. Conversely, security selection in Information Technology and Industrials detracted.

# **Contributors and Detractors for 1Q 2025**

Relative Contributors	Relative Detractors	
Tesla	ServiceNow	
Visa	Bio-Techne	
O'Reilly Automotive	Eli Lilly	
Guardant Health	Datadog	
Adaptive Biotechnologies	Nvidia	

## **CONTRIBUTORS**

## Tesla

The underweight in Tesla contributed to performance in the first quarter of 2025. Tesla's automobile sales declined in the quarter, in part due to factory changeovers that were required for updates to the company's best-selling vehicle, the Model Y. This resulted in slower sales volume in the quarter.



Competition from China's BYD is causing market share losses for Tesla in several non-U.S. markets. The CEO's position as an advisor to President Trump has damaged Tesla's brand image among a cohort of traditional electric vehicle buyers.

## Visa

Visa was a relative contributor in the first quarter, driven by strong fourth quarter earnings supported by robust holiday-season consumer spending and sustained growth in payment volumes, trends that continued into January. The company also indicated optimism regarding potential benefits from a more favorable regulatory environment under the new presidential administration. Additionally, two of the company's fastest-growing segments, New Flows and Value-Added Services, continued to achieve above-average growth, capitalizing on substantial and expanding market opportunities.

## **DETRACTORS**

## **ServiceNow**

ServiceNow detracted from performance in the first quarter, as the company reported guidance during the fourth quarter earnings call that was below investor expectations. Investors have also begun to incorporate tougher macroeconomic headwinds and negative impacts from the DOGE government spending cuts into their weaker outlook for software revenue growth in 2025.

#### Bio-Techne

Bio-Techne detracted from performance in the first quarter on fears around National Institutes of Health (NIH) funding concerns. The Trump administration announced caps on administrative costs for NIH-funded research projects, and this has resulted in fears of a slowdown in the academic and government segment. Bio-Techne has recently stated that its view is, worst case, a possible 50 basis point headwind to growth. Bio-Techne has shown positive momentum following a strong fiscal second quarter earnings report that included organic revenue growth of 9%.

# **Recent Portfolio Activity**

The table below shows all buys and sells completed during the quarter, followed by a brief rationale.

Buys	Sells	
Oracle	Datadog	
CrowdStrike	Amphenol	

## **Buys**

## Oracle

Oracle provides products and services that address enterprise information technology (IT) environments. The company's products and services include enterprise applications and infrastructure offerings that are delivered worldwide through a variety of flexible and interoperable IT deployment models. The company operates in three segments: Cloud and License, Hardware and Services.

We believe Oracle's cloud infrastructure product, OCI 2.0, will continue to demonstrate strong revenue growth over several quarters. Additionally, we see the rapid growth of artificial intelligence (AI) computing needs as being a differentiated growth driver for Oracle. We believe that Oracle will continue to drive positive outcomes for the Cerner business through a better margin structure, as well as top-line sales synergies.

#### CrowdStrike

CrowdStrike provides cybersecurity products and services that offer endpoint protection and threat intelligence solutions, enabling customers to prevent damage from targeted attacks, detect advanced malware and search all endpoints. The company's open cloud architecture enables it and third-party partners to rapidly innovate, build and deploy new cloud modules that can provide customers with enhanced functionality across a myriad of use cases.



We see the cloud cybersecurity market as positioned to experience strong growth over the next few years, driven by continued migration from on-premises to cloud-based architecture. We believe CrowdStrike can benefit from this trend due to its early-mover advantage, multiple product offerings and native integrations with leading cloud platforms. The increasing threats from state-sanctioned cybercriminals using high-performance computing and AI necessitate higher spending on advanced cybersecurity products. The total addressable market (TAM) is projected to grow significantly over the next four calendar years. Additionally, CrowdStrike's cloud-native architecture and unified platform approach provide competitive advantages, resulting in high customer retention and widespread adoption of multiple modules.

## Sells

## **Datadog**

We sold the position in Datadog following the company's most recent quarterly results. We remain concerned about the loss of a key customer(s) in the AI development space and the impact that could have on Datadog's growth rate. While the company is executing on its core business, we see a rising risk of a slowing top-line growth rate, which we believe would result in valuation compression and a negative impact on the stock performance.

#### **Amphenol**

We sold Amphenol, as we see earnings growth opportunities in other technology names. Competitive concerns have subsided in the near term but still exist. We have chosen to exit the position.

## **Outlook**

The equity markets in the first quarter declined as investors digested the potential impact of wide-ranging tariffs, along with concerns of a peak in the capital spending cycle around AI. Interest rates declined in the quarter, with the 10-year U.S. Treasury yield down about 35 basis points. The prospects of tariffs pushing prices higher could put the Fed on hold in a period when the economy starts to weaken. Economic data was mostly in line with expectations, reflecting a moderately growing economy. Although equity market valuations have pulled back, they are still in elevated territory with growing concerns of a slowdown in corporate profits. Our focus will continue to be at the company level, with an emphasis on seeking to invest in companies with secular tailwinds or strong product-driven cycles.



# **Aristotle Large Cap Growth Composite Performance**

All Periods Ended March 31, 2025



Year	Large Cap Growth Composite (Gross %)	Large Cap Growth Composite (Net %)	Russell 1000 Growth Index (%)
2024	28.48	27.90	33.36
2023	36.83	36.14	42.68
2022	-31.37	-31.61	-29.14
2021	22.13	21.67	27.60
2020	42.97	42.40	38.49
2019	37.29	36.73	36.39
2018	-0.93	-1.34	-1.51
2017	29.53	28.99	30.21
11/1/16 – 12/31/16	3.49	3.49	3.44

 $\textit{Sources: CAPS CompositeHub}^{\text{TM}}$ 

Composite returns for all periods ended March 31, 2025 are preliminary pending final account reconciliation.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Performance results for periods greater than one year have been annualized. Returns are presented gross and net of investment advisory fees and include the reinvestment of all income. Gross returns will be reduced by fees and other expenses that may be incurred in the management of the account. Net returns are presented net of actual investment advisory fees and after the deduction of all trading expenses.



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All investments carry a certain degree of risk, including the possible loss of principal. Investments are also subject to political, market, currency and regulatory risks or economic developments. International investments involve special risks that may in particular cause a loss in principal, including currency fluctuation, lower liquidity, different accounting methods and economic and political systems, and higher transaction costs. These risks typically are greater in emerging markets. Securities of small- and medium-sized companies tend to have a shorter history of operations, be more volatile and less liquid. Value stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and other types of stocks.

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The Russell 1000® Growth Index measures the performance of the large cap growth segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell 1000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. This index has been selected as the benchmark and is used for comparison purposes only. The Russell 1000® Value Index measures the performance of the large cap value segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes those Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values. The Russell 2000® Index measures the performance of the small cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. The Russell 2000 Index is a subset of the Russell 3000® Index representing approximately 10% of the total market capitalization of that index. It includes approximately 2000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The S&P 500® Index is the Standard & Poor's Composite Index of 500 stocks and is a widely recognized, unmanaged index of common stock prices. The Dow Jones Industrial Average® is a price-weighted measure of 30 U.S. blue-chip companies. The Index covers all industries except transportation and utilities. The NASDAQ Composite Index measures all NASDAQ domestic and international based common type stocks listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market. The NASDAQ Composite includes over 3,000 companies, more than most other stock market indices. The Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is an unmanaged index of domestic investment grade bonds, including corporate, government and mortgage-backed securities. The WTI Crude Oil Index is a major trading classification of sweet light crude oil that serves as a major benchmark price for oil consumed in the United States. The 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bill is a short-term debt obligation backed by the U.S. Treasury Department with a maturity of three months. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services. While stock selection is not governed by quantitative rules, a stock typically is added only if the company has an excellent reputation, demonstrates sustained growth and is of interest to a large number of investors. The volatility (beta) of the Composite may be greater or less than its respective benchmarks. It is not possible to invest directly in these indices.

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